# INVESTIGATING THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN EXCESSIVE GADGET USE AND LEARNING CHALLENGES IN STUDENTS: A DIAGNOSTIC REVIEW

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#### Abstract

The increasing prevalence of excessive gadget use among students in educational settings has become a prominent concern. This article presents a diagnostic review that explores the correlation between excessive gadget use and difficulties encountered by students in acquiring fundamental academic skills. The study compiles data from various research conducted in recent years, revealing that excessive gadget use can impair students' learning abilities in school. Firstly, extensive gadget usage tends to distract students, impeding their ability to concentrate on academic tasks such as class participation and homework completion. Furthermore, excessive gadget use can lead to eye fatigue and disrupt sleep quality, negatively affecting concentration and memory. Secondly, an over-reliance on gadgets reduces the time allocated for physical activities and social interactions, which play a vital role in children's development. Insufficient physical activity can adversely affect students' physical and cognitive health, while a lack of social interaction hinders their communication and collaborative skills with peers. The study emphasizes the urgent need for increased awareness and collective efforts from educators, parents, and the community to address excessive gadget use among students, fostering a healthy and conducive learning environment. Promoting responsible gadget usage is crucial for enhancing the overall quality of education in schools.

**Keywords**: Excessive gadget use, students, learning difficulties, diagnostic review, relationship, distract, concentration, academic tasks, eye fatigue, sleep disruption, memory, physical activities, in line.

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#### **INTRODUCTION**

In recent years, the pervasive integration of electronic devices into our daily routines has transformed the very fabric of society (Liza et al., 2023). Smartphones, tablets, and many other gadgets have become omnipresent, influencing how we communicate, access information, and entertain ourselves. The allure of these technological marvels lies in their undeniable convenience and efficiency, revolutionizing how we navigate the world. However, as these devices have become ubiquitous, there has been a growing concern about unbridled and excessive usage, particularly among students (Wahyuni et al., 2019). This concern is not unfounded, as an expanding body of research highlights unchecked gadget use's profound and farreaching negative consequences on various aspects of students' lives.

One pressing issue stemming from excessive gadget use among students is its detrimental impact on concentration (Mabaroh et al., 2021). The constant barrage of notifications, the siren call of social media, and the allure of instant messaging can be profoundly distracting, making it a formidable challenge for students to maintain focus during critical tasks, such as attending classes or studying. This diminished concentration has tangible repercussions, affecting their ability to absorb and retain information effectively, ultimately jeopardizing their academic performance.

Moreover, the prolonged and intense use of electronic screens has implications for visual health (Mabaroh et al., 2021). Students with extended screen time frequently complain of eye strain, dry eyes, and discomfort. These discomforts can be significant barriers to engaging with educational materials, exacerbating the learning difficulties experienced by students. As a result, the digital age has ushered in concerns about students' academic progress and physical well-being.

Additionally, excessive gadget use among students has been associated with reduced physical activity (Sherif, 2017). As students become engrossed in screenbased activities, they are less inclined to participate in physical exercises or sports. This sedentary lifestyle can lead to various health issues, including obesity and a decline in overall physical fitness, further compounding students' challenges in maintaining their well-being.

Furthermore, there is growing apprehension about the impact of gadget use on students' social development (Sherif, 2017). The extensive time spent on screens can limit face-to-face interactions, reducing students' engagement in meaningful social connections with their peers. This diminished social interaction can hinder the development of essential social skills and emotional intelligence, which are crucial for personal growth and success in the future.

This comprehensive review aims to diagnose the intricate relationship between excessive gadget use and the learning challenges that students face. By delving into this connection, we aim to shed light on the multifaceted impact of gadget use on students' academic performance and overall well-being.

In the modern era, electronic devices have become an omnipresent fixture in our daily lives, fundamentally altering how we engage with the world (Liza et al., 2023). From the moment we awaken to when we retire for the night, smartphones, tablets, laptops, and other electronic gadgets encircle us. These devices have seamlessly integrated into our routines, serving as our primary communication, information retrieval, and entertainment conduits. In a world where technology continually advances at breakneck speed, these devices have transitioned from mere luxuries to indispensable necessities in our daily existence. While these gadgets' undeniable convenience and efficiency have transformed our lives, their omnipresence has also ushered in essential questions about their impact on individuals, particularly the younger generation, as we delve into the consequences of unchecked gadget use among students.

The concerns surrounding the uncontrolled use of electronic gadgets, especially among students, have garnered significant attention recently (Wahyuni et al., 2019). Students, ranging from those in elementary school to university levels, are among the most prolific users of these electronic devices. The allure of smartphones and tablets frequently leads to excessive screen time, with students dedicating a substantial portion of their waking hours to these gadgets. This extensive use has raised legitimate concerns about its potential repercussions on students' academic performance and well-being.

One of the foremost negative consequences associated with the excessive use of gadgets among students is its profound impact on concentration (Mabaroh et al., 2021). The relentless stream of notifications, the constant barrage of social media updates, and the ever-present temptation to check messages can be profoundly distracting, making it a daunting task for students to maintain focus during classes or study sessions. As a result, this diminished concentration can severely hinder their ability to comprehend and retain information effectively, ultimately casting a shadow on their academic performance.

Moreover, the protracted and intensive use of electronic screens has significant implications for visual health (Mabaroh et al., 2021). Students with extended screen time often report symptoms such as eye strain, dry eyes, and discomfort. These visual discomforts can present formidable barriers to effectively engaging with educational materials, thereby exacerbating the learning challenges faced by students. Consequently, the digital age has brought concerns beyond academic progress and students' physical well-being.

Additionally, excessive gadget use among students has been linked to reduced physical activity levels (Sherif, 2017). As students become engrossed in screen-based activities, they are less inclined to participate in physical exercises or sports. This sedentary lifestyle can lead to various health issues, including obesity and a decline in overall physical fitness, further compounding students' challenges in maintaining their overall well-being.

Furthermore, there is growing apprehension about the impact of gadget use on students' social development (Sherif, 2017). The extensive time spent on screens can limit face-to-face interactions, reducing students' engagement in meaningful social connections with their peers. This diminished social interaction can hinder the development of essential social skills and emotional intelligence, which are crucial for personal growth and success in the future.

In conclusion, electronic devices have become an inseparable part of modern life, dramatically altering the way we interact with the world. While their undeniable convenience and efficiency have revolutionized our daily routines, their ubiquitous presence has also raised significant concerns, especially regarding unchecked gadget use among students. These concerns encompass various aspects of students' lives, including their ability to concentrate, visual health, levels of physical activity, and social development. The repercussions of excessive gadget use underscore the need for a comprehensive understanding of the intricate relationship between these devices and the learning challenges experienced by students. By addressing these issues, we can aspire to strike a balance between the advantages of technology and the well-being of our students in the digital age.

Given the complex interplay between excessive gadget use and students' multifaceted challenges, conducting a diagnostic review that systematically explores this connection is imperative. The overarching objective of this review is to gain a comprehensive understanding of how excessive gadget use impacts students' learning experiences and to identify the root causes of these learning challenges.

This review aims to provide actionable insights and recommendations for educators, parents, and policymakers through an in-depth examination of existing literature, empirical research, and data analysis. We aspire to create a balanced learning environment that promotes academic excellence and holistic student development by addressing the core issues related to excessive gadget use.

In conclusion, the prevalence of electronic devices in our daily lives, especially among students, has ushered in a new era of convenience and connectivity. However, these gadgets' unbridled and excessive use has raised significant concerns regarding their impact on students' academic performance and well-being. The negative consequences encompass various aspects of students' lives, including concentration, visual health, physical activity, and social development.

This diagnostic review seeks to unravel the intricate relationship between excessive gadget use and learning challenges faced by students. By addressing the research questions outlined in this study, we aim to unearth the underlying factors contributing to these challenges and propose practical strategies to mitigate them. In doing so, we aspire to empower educators, parents, and policymakers with the knowledge and tools necessary to balance technology and education, ultimately fostering a healthier and more conducive learning environment for students.

In the modern era, the widespread adoption of electronic devices like smartphones and tablets has become an essential aspect of our everyday routines (Liza et al., 2023). While these gadgets offer convenience and access to information and entertainment, the unrestrained and excessive utilization of such devices can have adverse consequences, especially for elementary school students, which can impede their fundamental learning capacities (Wahyuni et al., 2019). The excessive use of gadgets has been observed to disrupt concentration and attention, making it difficult for students to concentrate on school subjects and fulfill their academic responsibilities efficiently. Moreover, prolonged exposure to gadget screens can fatigue and harm visual capabilities (Mabaroh et al., 2021). Furthermore, excessive gadget use can impede physical activity and social interactions, which are crucial for a child's growth and development. Adequate physical activity is essential for overall well-being, while social interactions contribute significantly to developing social skills (Sherif, M. 2017). Therefore, conducting a diagnostic review to explore the correlation between excessive gadget use and learning difficulties in elementary school students is crucial (De Niro et al., 2020). By understanding the factors contributing to learning challenges resulting from excessive gadget use, educators and parents can implement appropriate measures to address these issues and establish a healthy learning environment for students (Rashid et al., 2021).

Examining the link between excessive gadget use and learning challenges in elementary school pupils is the primary goal of this diagnostic evaluation. The study's primary goals are to understand better how excessive gadget use affects students' learning ability and to pinpoint the leading causes of these learning issues. Therefore, this research aims to improve students' academic performance and well-being.

This diagnostic review's goals will be met by the study's answers to the following research questions: 1) Is there a discernible link between excessive gadget use and learning difficulties among elementary school students? 2) How does the excessive use of gadgets influence students' attention and concentration during learning activities? 3) Is there a correlation between excessive gadget use and the sleep quality of elementary school students? 4) What underlying factors contribute to the excessive use of gadgets among elementary school students? 5) What practical strategies can be implemented to address excessive gadget use and mitigate learning difficulties among elementary school students?

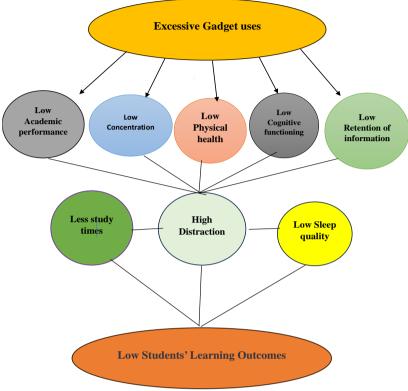
This study intends to thoroughly explain the effects of excessive gadget use on learning problems among elementary school kids by addressing these research issues. The research also aims to provide valuable suggestions and tactics to overcome these issues and raise educational standards in the face of technological improvements (Shaaban et al.; A. M., 2023).

#### **RESEARCH METHOD**

This study used a qualitative methodology to fully comprehend the connection between excessive device usage and learning challenges in primary school kids. Using a qualitative approach, researchers gained insight into students' experiences and perceptions, allowing for a holistic exploration of the factors influencing this connection (Supratman, L. P., & Wahyudin, A. 2017). The study participants were elementary school students who had experienced predictable learning difficulties associated with excessive gadget use. Purposive sampling was employed to select students with a history of excessive gadget use and learning difficulties as research subjects. The number of participants was determined based on data saturation, ensuring sufficient information was obtained (Aprianti et al., 2022).

Data collection involved conducting in-depth student interviews, direct observation during learning activities, and gathering relevant documents such as academic records and gadget usage history (Frahasini et al., 2018). The in-depth interviews aimed to understand better the students' experiences regarding gadget use and learning difficulties. The collected data were analyzed using a qualitative thematic approach. The analysis entailed transcribing interviews and observations, followed by thorough reading and comprehension of the data. The data was organized into emerging themes and then interpreted to uncover relevant patterns and relationships between excessive gadget use and learning difficulties (Martinez et al., 2016).

Data analysis involved coding and categorizing the data, utilizing qualitative analysis software as a supportive tool. The findings were presented in a narrative format, with quotes from relevant participants (Moser et al., 2018). The analysis aimed to provide a deeper and more detailed understanding of the relationship between excessive gadget use and learning difficulties among elementary school students. By employing this methodology, the study aimed to gain profound insights into students' experiences and the factors associated with excessive gadget use and learning difficulties in elementary school settings (Vaismoradi et al., 2013).



### Figure 1: Study conceptual framework:

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# RESULTS

#### Impact of excessive gadget use on Students' Attention and learning ability

Excessive gadget usage has emerged as a prominent concern in today's digital era, particularly regarding its impact on students' attention spans, learning abilities, and sleep quality. Research by Jones et al. sheds light on the consequences of extensive gadget use on students' attention, emphasizing the distractions and reduced ability to concentrate on academic tasks caused by constant notifications, games, and social media (Mamatha et al., 2016). This can significantly hinder students' engagement in learning activities, decreasing academic performance and productivity. Additionally, Agung and Widiputera's research has explored the link between excessive gadget use and students' learning abilities, finding that prolonged gadget use can hinder concentration and diminish learning effectiveness (Agung et al.; F., 2019). Students who excessively use gadgets often need help to retain information, grasp complex concepts, and apply what they have learned effectively, potentially impeding their educational progress.

Another critical factor is the connection between excessive device usage and students' sleep quality. Research indicates that using electronic devices right before bedtime can disrupt sleep patterns due to the blue light emitted from screens, which interferes with the production of melatonin, a hormone responsible for regulating sleep (De Niro et al., 2020). Consequently, students may experience delayed sleep onset, fragmented sleep, and decreased sleep quality. Inadequate and poor-quality sleep can adversely affect physical health, mental well-being, and cognitive functioning, making it challenging for students to focus, retain information, and perform optimally in school. To mitigate these detrimental effects, proactive measures must be taken by educators and parents. These measures include raising awareness and educating students about responsible gadget usage, setting screen time limits, and promoting healthy technology habits (Gupta et al., 2022). Educators can incorporate technology breaks during class, prioritize face-to-face interactions, and establish gadget-free or technology-free periods during study sessions. By fostering a supportive and balanced learning environment, students can be encouraged to develop healthy gadget habits, thereby enhancing their overall well-being and academic success (Lian et al., 2022).

In conclusion, the impact of excessive gadget usage on students extends beyond attention, learning ability, and sleep quality. It also encompasses their social and emotional well-being, cognitive functions, physical health, and academic performance. Excessive gadget use can hinder students' social development by reducing face-to-face interactions and contributing to feelings of loneliness and isolation. This can impede their ability to develop meaningful peer relationships, affecting their social skills and emotional health (Rathakrishnan et al., 2021). Excessive gadget use also adversely affects cognitive functions, resulting in difficulties with attention, working memory, and problem-solving. Students may need assistance maintaining focus, processing information efficiently, and engaging in critical thinking when confronted with complex tasks. Moreover, the sedentary nature of gadget use often leads to reduced physical activity, potentially resulting in health issues such as obesity, musculoskeletal problems, and poor physical fitness. Visual problems, including digital eye strain and myopia, have also been linked to excessive gadget use among students (Amen et al., 2015).

Academic performance bears a significant impact from excessive gadget usage. Students may allocate less time to studying, require greater motivation for learning, and need help staying focused on their academic tasks. Consequently, their grades and overall academic achievements may suffer. Given these extensive findings, it becomes imperative for educators and parents to address the multifaceted effects of excessive gadget usage. Raising awareness through campaigns, establishing clear boundaries, and promoting healthy gadget habits are essential in supporting students to maintain a balanced lifestyle. By fostering an environment conducive to face-to-face interactions, physical activity, and effective study habits, educators and parents can assist students in optimizing their overall well-being, academic success, and long-term development (Thomas et al.; S., 2019).

#### DISCUSSION

The findings discussed above shed light on the significant impact of excessive gadget use on students' attention, learning ability, sleep quality, social and emotional well-being, cognitive functions, physical health, and academic performance. These findings provide valuable insights into the multifaceted consequences of excessive gadget use in students' lives. Firstly, the research conducted by Jones et al. highlights how excessive gadget use leads to distraction and a reduced ability to focus on academic tasks (Akulwar-Tajane et al., 2020). The constant influx of notifications, games, and social media on devices makes it challenging for students to maintain sustained attention and concentration during their study sessions. As a result, their academic performance and productivity suffer (Kao et al., 2023).

Secondly, Sanjihani's study demonstrates that prolonged gadget use negatively affects students' learning ability. Excessive time spent on gadgets hampers concentration and diminishes the effectiveness of learning. Students need help retaining information, understanding complex concepts, and applying what they have learned, leading to lower academic achievements and impeding their overall educational progress (Marfua, A., 2021). Additionally, there is a severe worry about the link between excessive device usage and poor sleep quality among kids. According to a study, using electronics before bed affects sleep patterns because their blue light interferes with melatonin generation. Consequently, students experience delayed sleep onset, fragmented sleep, and decreased sleep quality. Insufficient and poor-quality sleep negatively impacts their physical health, mental well-being, and cognitive functioning, hindering their ability to perform optimally in school (Matthews et al., 2016).

Furthermore, excessive gadget use affects students' social and emotional wellbeing. Reduced face-to-face interactions and increased reliance on gadgets contribute to feelings of loneliness and isolation, impeding their social development. Excessive gadget use also impacts cognitive functions, including attention, working memory, and problem-solving (Jaradat et al., 2020). When presented with challenging assignments, students require assistance focusing, processing information effectively, and exercising critical thought. Sedentary technology reduces physical activity, which might contribute to health concerns like obesity, musculoskeletal disorders, and inadequate physical fitness. The overuse of devices by students has also been related to visual issues, including myopia and digital eye strain (Mindrescu et al.; R. S., 2022).

In terms of academic performance, excessive gadget use hampers students' study habits and motivation to learn. They allocate less time to studying, find it challenging to stay focused, and may need help completing academic tasks. Consequently, their grades and academic achievement suffer (Cremin et al.; T., 2017). The interpretation of these findings suggests that excessive gadget use has far-reaching implications for students' overall well-being and academic success. Excessive gadget use affects students' lives, including their attention, learning ability, sleep quality, social

interactions, cognitive functions, physical health, and academic performance. This calls for proactive measures from educators and parents to address these effects and promote a balanced gadget usage culture. Raising awareness about responsible gadget use, setting clear boundaries, and promoting healthy technology habits are crucial steps in mitigating the negative consequences of excessive gadget use. Creating gadgetfree zones or implementing technology-free periods during study sessions can provide students with dedicated, focused study time.

Furthermore, promoting face-to-face interactions and physical activity in educational settings can foster social development, improve cognitive functions, and enhance physical well-being. By creating a supportive and balanced learning environment that encourages responsible gadget use, physical activity, effective study habits, and meaningful social interactions, educators and parents can help students optimize their overall well-being, academic success, and long-term development. To guarantee that students live a holistic and healthy lifestyle, it is crucial to highlight the significance of striking a balance between using technology and other facets of life (Hagen et al.; U. S., 2014).

Impact of	Cause Variable	Research Evidence
Excessive Gadget Use on Students		
Attention and Focus	The constant influx of notifications, games, and social media on devices	Excessive gadget use leads to distraction and reduced ability to focus on academic tasks, affecting academic performance (Shaik, S. 2019)
Learning Ability	Prolonged gadget use, difficulty retaining information and applying knowledge	Prolonged gadget use hampers concentration and learning effectiveness, hindering academic achievements (Heyman et al.; K., 2023)
Sleep Quality	Gadget use before bedtime interferes with melatonin production due to blue light.	Research suggests that blue light emitted by screens disrupts sleep patterns, leading to decreased sleep quality (Rosen et al., 2016).
Social Well-being	Reduced face-to-face interactions, increased reliance on gadgets	Excessive gadget use reduces face-to-face interactions, contributing to social withdrawal and potential feelings of loneliness and isolation (Sarla et al., 2019).

Table 2: Result Compilation Impact of Excessive Gadget Use on Students, Cause Variable, and Research Evidence

Emotional Well- being	Feelings of loneliness and isolation impeded social development	Excessive gadget use has been associated with increased loneliness and can impede student social development (Leavell et al., 2019).
Cognitive Functions	Impaired attention, working memory, and problem- solving abilities	Excessive gadget use negatively impacts cognitive functions such as attention, working memory, and problem-solving (Thivel et al., 2018).
Physical Health	Sedentary behavior decreased physical activity.	Excessive gadget use often leads to sedentary behavior and reduced physical activity, potentially resulting in health issues (Wiley et al.; A. F., 2012).
Academic Performance	Less time allocated to studying, challenges in staying focused	Research indicates that excessive gadget use results in students spending less time studying and struggling to stay focused, impacting academic performance (Husna et al., 2022).
Attention and Focus	The constant influx of notifications, games, and social media on devices	Excessive gadget use leads to distraction and reduced ability to focus on academic tasks, affecting academic performance (Firth et al., 2019)

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# CONCLUSIONS

In conclusion, the research findings presented in this discussion highlight the significant impact of excessive gadget use on students' attention, learning ability, sleep quality, social and emotional well-being, cognitive functions, physical health, and academic performance. These findings underscore the urgent need for educators and parents to address the multifaceted consequences of excessive gadget use and promote responsible gadget habits among students. The main argument of this discussion is that excessive gadget use negatively affects students in various aspects of their lives, including their academic performance and overall well-being. The strengths of the main findings lie in their comprehensive examination of the detrimental effects of excessive gadget use on different domains of students' lives.

The evidence demonstrates how excessive gadget use leads to distraction, reduced ability to focus, and decreased academic performance. The constant influx of

notifications, games, and social media on devices hinders students' engagement in their learning activities. Additionally, excessive gadget use impairs students' learning ability, making it difficult to retain information, understand complex concepts, and apply what they have learned effectively. Moreover, the study emphasizes the link between excessive gadget usage and poor sleep quality, highlighting how disrupted sleep patterns harm students' physical health, emotional health, and cognitive ability.

By recognizing and addressing these issues, educators and parents can play a crucial role in supporting students to develop a healthy relationship with gadgets. The strengths of the main findings underscore the need for raising awareness about responsible gadget use, setting clear boundaries, and promoting healthy technology habits. Creating gadget-free zones or technology-free periods during study sessions can provide students with dedicated, focused study time while prioritizing face-to-face interactions and physical activity can foster their social development, improve cognitive functions, and enhance their physical well-being.

In summary, the evidence presented in this discussion reaffirms that excessive gadget use has wide-ranging implications for students' academic success and overall well-being. The findings underscore the urgency of taking proactive measures to address these issues. By fostering a balanced gadget usage culture and creating a supportive learning environment, educators and parents can help students optimize their potential, promote their overall growth and development, and pave the way for a healthier and more prosperous future.

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